

## WEST BENGAL STATE UNIVERSITY

B.Sc. Programme 5th Semester Examination, 2021-22

## MLBGDSE02T-MOLECULAR BIOLOGY (DSE1)

## GENERAL MICROBIOLOGY

Time Allotted: 2 Hours

Full Marks: 40

The figures in the margin indicate full marks. Candidates should answer in their own words and adhere to the word limit as practicable. All symbols are of usual significance.

1.	Answer any <i>ten</i> questions from the following:			$1 \times 10 = 10$	
(	a) Answer the following questions in brief:				
(	The wonder drug of second world war was produced from				
	(A) Algae	(B) Fungi	(C) Bacteria	(D) Plant	
(	ii) The shape of Vibrio cholera				
	(A) Bacilli	(B) Coccus	(C) Comma	(D) Spiral	
(i	ii) The pigment prese	ent in red algae			
	(A) Rhodochrome	2	(B) Chlorophyll		
	(C) Fucoxanthin		(D) Chlorophyll and Phycobilin		
(i	) The primary stain is used in Gram staining				
	(A) Iodine		(B) Saffranin		
	(C) Crystal violet		(D) Carbol fuchsin		
(	) The filter paper/membrane used to filter out bacteria from any solution should have a pore size of at least				
	(A) 1.0 mm	(B) 1.0 µm to 5µm	$(C) \le 0.2 \ \mu m$	$(D) \ge 0.8 \ \mu m$	
(1	vi) The bacterial cell multiplication is usually by				
	(A) Mitosis	(B) Meiosis	(C) Binary fission	n (D) Conjugation	
(v	i) Sexual reproduction of algae is carried by				
	(A) Isogamy	(B) Anisogamy	(C) Oogamy	(D) All of these	
(vi	ii) Mycobacteria are	stained with			
	<ul><li>(A) Gram staining</li><li>(C) Ziehl – Neelsen's staining</li></ul>		(B) Negative staining		
			(D) None of these		

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- (ix) The molds obtained nutrition from
  - (A) Saphrophytes (B) Parasites (C) Commensals (D) All of these
- (x) The structure inside which ascospores are present is called
  - (A) Asci (B) Thallus (C) Hyphae (D) Gill
- (b) Write true/false against the following statements with proper scientific logic.
- (i) The puromycin inhibits cell wall biosynthesis.
- (ii) Chitin is the principal carbohydrate in bacterial cell wall.
- (iii) The exponential growth phase in bacterial growth curve is called Lag phase.
- (iv) Bacterial sporulation is a classic example of Sigma switching.
- (v) Air can be made free from bacterial contamination by filtration.
- 2. Answer any *ten* questions from the following:
  - (a) Define phenol co-efficient.
  - (b) Why moist heat is better than dry heat during sterilization?
  - (c) What is facultative anaerobe?
  - (d) Why is Mycoplasma pneumonia resistant to penicillin?
  - (e) What does  $\gamma$  radiation produce to kill microbes?
  - (f) Differentiate between spore and conidia.
  - (g) Name two uses of algae as food source.
  - (h) What are hyphae and mycelium?
  - (i) Write the names of broadly classified divisions of fungi.
  - (j) Name one antiseptic and one disinfectant.
  - (k) What are the functions of transpeptidases in the cell wall?
  - (l) What is binary fission?
  - (m) What is sporangium? How is it different from columella?
  - (n) Name the mordant and counter stain in Gram staining.
  - (o) What is the difference between bacteriostatic and bactericidal agents?

3.	Answer any <i>two</i> questions from the following:	$5 \times 2 = 10$
	(a) Explain the general characteristics and significance of Algae.	5
	(b) Explain the causes of antibiotic resistance in microbes.	5
	(c) What are the factors of bacterial growth? Which phase of growth will continue to occur if continuously fresh nutrients are supplied to the growing bacterial cells?	3+2
	(d) Explain in detail: the bacterial reproduction.	5

**N.B.**: Students have to complete submission of their Answer Scripts through E-mail / Whatsapp to their own respective colleges on the same day / date of examination within 1 hour after end of exam. University / College authorities will not be held responsible for wrong submission (at in proper address). Students are strongly advised not to submit multiple copies of the same answer script.

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 $2 \times 10 = 20$